FINAL EXAM FORMULA SHEET

Math171 - Mathematical Models

Exponent Notation

$$x^{-1} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

Exponent Laws

$$A^n A^m = A^{n+m}$$

$$(AB)^n = A^n B^n$$

$$(A^n)^m = A^{nm}$$
$$\left(\frac{A}{B}\right)^n = \frac{A^n}{B^n}$$

$$\frac{A^n}{A^m} = A^{n-m}$$

Linear Equations

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Quadratic Functions

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

x-coordinate of vertex
$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Quadratic Equation

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Trigonometry

$$\sin x = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \\
\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{180^{\circ}}{\pi}$$
 $1^{\circ} = \frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}}$

$$\cos x = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{x}{h}$$
$$\sec x = \frac{1}{h}$$

$$sin x = \frac{opp}{hyp} = \frac{y}{h}$$

$$cos x = \frac{adj}{hyp} = \frac{x}{h}$$

$$tan x = \frac{opp}{adj} = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$csc x = \frac{1}{sin x}$$

$$sec x = \frac{1}{cos x}$$

$$cot x = \frac{1}{tan x}$$

Basic Definition of Logarithm

If
$$y = b^x$$
 then $\log_b y = x$ If $y = e^x$ then $\ln y = x$ If $y = 10^x$ then $\log y = x$ $\log_b b^x = x$ $\log 10^x = x$

$$\ln y = e^{-t} \cdot \ln e^{x}$$

$$\ln e^{x} = x$$

If
$$y = 10^x$$
 then $\log y = x$
 $\log 10^x = x$

Logarithm Laws

$$\begin{aligned} \log_b(XY) &= \log_b X + \log_b Y \\ \log_b(\frac{X}{Y}) &= \log_b X - \log_b Y \\ \log_b X^n &= n \log_b X \end{aligned}$$

Exponential Decay-Growth Formulas

 $Y = Y_0 e^{kt}$ where Y_0 is the initial amount of Y and t is time

Newton's Law of Heating and Cooling

 $T = T_s + (T_o - T_s)e^{kt}$ where T_s is temperature of the surroundings T_o is initial temperature of the object T is the temperature after t amount of time

Complex Numbers

$$j = \sqrt{-1}$$
 $j^2 = -1$

Rectangular Form: x + yjPolar Form: $r(\cos \theta + j \sin \theta)$

Exponential Form: $re^{\theta j}$