Name: _____ Student ID: _____

Test 1

This test is graded out of 50 marks. No books, notes, graphing calculators or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (2 marks) 25% of 12 is what number?

Question 2. (1 mark each) Simplify and write all answer without using exponents and decimals:

b.

a.

c.

 $\left(\frac{4}{-2}\right)^{-4}$

 $-(-256)^0$

 $\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^3$

d.

$$-(-3)^3$$

Question 3. (2 marks each) Simplify and write all answers so that only positive exponents remain:

a.

$$\left(\frac{y^{-4}}{y^{-3}}\right)^{-2}$$

b.

$$\left(\frac{-x}{2}\right)^3$$

Question 4. (5 marks) Simplify and write the solution so that only positive exponents remain:

$$\left(\frac{x^{-3}y^2z^0}{-x^2y^{-4}z}\right)^{-3}$$

Question 5. (3 marks) Simplify:

 $x^{3} + [3x - (x^{3} - 3x)] - (2x - x^{3})$

Question 6. (2 marks) Expand and simplify:

$$2x(4x-1)(x-3)$$

Question 7. (4 marks) Expand and simplify:

 $(x-2)^2 - (x+2)(x-2) + 13$

Question 8. (4 marks) Divide using long division:

$$(x^3 + x - 1) \div (x + 2)$$

Question 9. (2 marks) Factor completely:

 $16x^2 - 25y^2$

Question 10. (4 marks) Simplify completely:

$$\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x^2-1}$$

Question 11. (6 marks) Simplify completely:

	$18 - 2x^2$	
$2x^2 - 8$ ×	$\frac{1}{x^2-5x+4}$	$x^2 - 6x + 9$

Question 12. (2 marks) Solve for x:

$$-4(x-2) = 3 - (5x-1)$$

Question 13. (*3 marks*) Solve for *x*:

$$\frac{3x}{8} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{x+5}{2}$$

Question 14. (5 marks) Solve for x:

x	x	x + 20
$\overline{x+2}$	$\overline{x-2}$	$=\frac{1}{x^2-4}$