

Name: SOLUTIONS

**Bonus Quiz for TEST 2 (201-009-50)**

**Functions & Trigonometry**

Instructor: Emilie Richer

Date: October 22<sup>nd</sup> 2009

Scientific calculator is permitted.

**SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.**

**Question 1 (5 marks)**

Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

$$\frac{7+3\sqrt{5}}{2-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{(7+3\sqrt{5})(2+\sqrt{5})}{(2-\sqrt{5})(2+\sqrt{5})}$$
$$= \frac{14+6\sqrt{5}+7\sqrt{5}+15}{4-5}$$

$$= \frac{29+13\sqrt{5}}{-1} = \boxed{-29-13\sqrt{5}}$$

**Question 2 (4 marks)**

Find the domain of the following functions

(a) (1 marks)  $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$

(b) (1 marks)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{1-x}}$

(c) (2 marks)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x^2-5x-3}$

(a)  $(-\infty, 1]$

(b)  $(-\infty, 1)$

(c)  $2x^2-5x-3 = 2x^2-6x+x-3$   
 $= 2x(x-3)+1(x-3)$   
 $= (x-3)(2x+1)$

$\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-\frac{1}{2}, 3\}$

**Question 3 (6 marks)**Given the functions  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$      $g(z) = -z^2 - 1$      $h(t) = t^2 - t + 2$ 

Find the following:

(a)  $(f \circ h)(2x)$

(b)  $(g \circ h)(-1) + (f \circ g)(2)$

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad & f(h(2x)) \\ &= f((2x)^2 - 2x + 2) \\ &= f(4x^2 - 2x + 2) \\ &= \frac{2}{4x^2 - 2x + 2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2x^2 - x + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad & g(h(-1)) + f(g(2)) \\ &= g((-1)^2 + 1 + 2) + f(-2^2 - 1) \\ &= g(4) + f(-5) \\ &= (-4^2 - 1) + \frac{2}{-5} \\ &= -17 - \frac{2}{5} \\ &= \frac{-85}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \boxed{\frac{-87}{5}} \end{aligned}$$