

Test 1

No books or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark, the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (1 marks) Reduce the fraction $\frac{42}{112}$ to lowest terms.

$$\frac{42}{112} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Question 2. (2 marks) Write $\frac{3}{4}\%$ as a decimal and as a fraction.

$$\frac{3}{4}\% = \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{100} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{100} = \frac{3}{400} = 0.0075$$

Question 3. (3 marks) Simplify the following. (Round your final answer to 2 decimal places)

$$3 \left[\frac{4^2 - (6+2)}{3(5-1)} \right] - 6(6-2.387) = 3 \left[\frac{16 - (8)}{3(4)} \right] - 6(3.613)$$

$$= 3 \left(\frac{8}{12} \right) - 21.678 = 2 - 21.678 = -19.68$$

Question 4. (3 marks) Simplify the following:

$$(2x-3)(x-4) - 2(x+4)(x-1) = 2x^2 - 3x - 8x + 12$$

$$= (2x^2 - 3x - 8x + 12) - 2(x^2 + 4x - x - 4)$$

$$= (2x^2 - 11x + 12) - 2(x^2 + 3x - 4)$$

$$= 2x^2 - 11x + 12 - 2x^2 - 6x + 8$$

$$= -17x + 20$$

Question 5. (3 marks) Expand the following:

$$\begin{aligned}(3a+b)(2a^2-a+ab^2-5b) &= 6a^3 - 3a^2 + 3a^2b^2 - 15ab \\ &\quad + 2a^2b - ab + ab^3 - 5b^2 \\ &= 6a^3 - 3a^2 + 2a^2b + 3a^2b^2 - 16ab + ab^3 - 5b^2\end{aligned}$$

Question 6. (1 marks) What is 18% of \$420?

$$0.18(420) = \$75.60$$

Question 7. (1 marks) 142% of what number is 809.40?

$$1.42x = 809.40 \Rightarrow x = \frac{809.40}{1.42} = 570$$

Question 8. (2 marks) Bring the fraction $\frac{0.25}{1.4}$ to higher terms to eliminate the decimals. Write the final answer in lowest terms.

$$\frac{0.25}{1.4} = \frac{25}{140} = \frac{5}{28}$$

Question 9. (3 marks) Simplify the following using positive exponents only:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{(ab)^{-2}a^4b}{(a^{-2}b^2)^2a^{-3}} &= \frac{a^{-2}b^{-2}a^4b}{a^{-4}b^4a^{-3}} = \frac{a^4a^3a^4b}{a^2b^2b^4} = \frac{a^{11}b}{a^2b^6} \\ &= \frac{a^9}{b^5}\end{aligned}$$

Question 10. (1 mark) Rewrite the exponential $3^{-4} = \frac{1}{81}$ as a logarithm.

$$\log_3 \frac{1}{81} = -4$$

Question 11. (1 mark) Rewrite the logarithm $\ln 1 = 0$ as an exponential.

$$e^0 = 1$$

Question 12. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following to two decimal places:

1. $\sqrt{286} = 16.91$

2. $13^{\frac{4}{7}} = 4.33$

3. $\frac{8^{-1}+2}{13} = 0.16$

4. $\sqrt[3]{223.98} = 2.95$

5. $(17+339^{\frac{4}{3}})^0 = 1$

Question 13. (2 marks)

Let $x = 0.46$, $l = 12$, $s = \frac{5}{7}$. Solve for r to two decimal places:

$$\frac{x+2}{l} = 3r+5s$$

$$\frac{0.46+2}{12} = 3r + 5\left(\frac{5}{7}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{2.46}{12} - 5\left(\frac{5}{7}\right) = 3r$$

$$0.205 - 3.571428571 = 3r \Rightarrow \frac{-3.366428571}{3} = r$$

$$\therefore r = -1.12$$

Question 14. (2 marks)

Solve for t in the following equation:

$$Q = l(s+t) - q$$

$$Q + q = l(s+t)$$

$$\frac{Q+q}{l} = s+t$$

$$\frac{Q+q}{l} - s = t$$

Question 15. (3 marks)

Solve for x:

$$3 - 3(x+5) + (4x-7) = 3(x-5) - (x+2)$$

$$3 - 3x - 15 + 4x - 7 = 3x - 15 - x - 2$$

$$x - 19 = 2x - 17$$

$$-x = -17 + 19$$

$$-x = 2$$

$$x = -2$$

Question 16. (3 marks)

Solve for x using the LCD. Express your final answer as a fraction:

$$13 - \frac{2}{7}x = \frac{3}{4}(x+6) - \frac{1}{2}(2x-5) \quad \text{LCD} = 28$$

$$28(13) - \frac{2 \cdot 4}{7} \cdot 2x = \frac{28 \cdot 3}{4} (x+6) - \frac{28 \cdot 1}{2} (2x-5)$$

$$364 - 8x = 21(x+6) - 14(2x-5)$$

$$364 - 8x = 21x + 126 - 28x + 70$$

$$364 - 8x = -7x + 196$$

$$-8x + 7x = 196 - 364$$

$$-x = -168$$

$$x = 168$$

Question 17. (2 marks)Solve for x in the proportion to 2 decimal places: $4.366 : x = 984.25 : 16.99$

$$\frac{4.366}{x} = \frac{984.25}{16.99} \Rightarrow (4.366)(16.99) = 984.25x$$

$$x = \frac{(4.366)(16.99)}{984.25} = 0.08$$

Question 18. (2 marks)Change the ratio $72 : 54 : 234$ to lowest terms.

$$72 : 54 : 234 = \frac{72}{18} : \frac{54}{18} : \frac{234}{18} = 4 : 3 : 13$$

Question 19. (4 marks) Three bank tellers each worked $12\frac{1}{2}$ hours, $13\frac{1}{4}$ hours, $4\frac{3}{5}$ hours, and $17\frac{3}{7}$ hours. What was the total cost of labour if they were each paid \$11.25 per hour?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{COST PER TELLER} &= \left(12\frac{1}{2} + 13\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{3}{5} + 17\frac{3}{7}\right)(11.25) \\ &= \$537.51\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{TOTAL COST} &= 3(537.51) \\ &= \$1612.53\end{aligned}$$

Question 20. (2 mark) Evaluate the following to two decimal places:

$$\begin{aligned}\ln\left(\frac{4e^8}{12}\right) &= \ln 4e^8 - \ln 12 = \ln 4 + \ln e^8 - \ln 12 \\ &= \ln 4 + 8\ln e - \ln 12 = \ln 4 + 8(1) - \ln 12 \\ &= 6.90\end{aligned}$$

Question 21. (3 marks) A 552.60cm long piece of wood is to be cut into two pieces in the ratio 8:7. How long is each piece?

$$\# \text{ OF PARTS} = 8 + 7 = 15$$

$$\therefore \text{FIRST PIECE} = 8\left(\frac{552.60}{15}\right) = 294.72\text{cm}$$

$$\text{SECOND PIECE} = 7\left(\frac{552.60}{15}\right) = 257.88\text{cm}$$

Question 22. (4 marks) A company has received a government grant of \$173 875 to research alternative fuel sources. The grant is to be divided among three departments, Research and Development, Administration, and Public Relations, in a ratio of $\frac{1}{3} : \frac{2}{5} : \frac{2}{7}$ respectively. How much does each department get?

$$\frac{1}{3} : \frac{2}{5} : \frac{2}{7} = 105\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) : 105\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) : 105\left(\frac{2}{7}\right) = 35 : 42 : 30$$

$$\text{PARTS} = 35 + 42 + 30 = 107$$

$$\therefore \text{RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT GETS} = 35 \left(\frac{173\,875}{107} \right) = \$56\,875$$

$$\text{ADMINISTRATION GETS} = 42 \left(\frac{173\,875}{107} \right) = \$68\,250$$

$$\text{PUBLIC RELATIONS GETS} = 30 \left(\frac{173\,875}{107} \right) = \$48\,750$$

Question 23. (4 marks) A local grocery store is making a fruit salad in bulk to package and sell. To make the fruit salad they use 4 different fruits; they use 3kg of bananas for \$1.99 per kg, 2kg of strawberries for \$6.99 per kg, 1.5kg of raspberries for \$9.00 per kg, and 4kg of apples for \$.99 per kg. At what price (per kg) should they sell the fruit salad to realize the revenue they could make by selling the four fruits separately?

3 kg OF BANANAS @ \$1.99	= \$5.97
2 kg OF STRAWBERRIES @ \$6.99	= \$13.98
1.5 kg OF RASPBERRIES @ \$9.00	= \$13.50
4 kg OF APPLES @ \$0.99	= \$3.96
10.5 kg	\$37.41

$$\therefore \text{PRICE} = \frac{\$37.41}{10.5 \text{ kg}} = \$3.56 \text{ per kg}$$