

## Quiz 4

Question 1. (5 marks) Given

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & -7 \\ 2 & -6 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 19 \\ 7 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

find:

(a)  $3A - B$

(b)  $-C - A$

(c)  $-\frac{1}{2}A + B$

$$a) \quad 3A - B = 3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & -7 \\ 2 & -6 & 11 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 12 & -21 \\ 6 & -18 & 33 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 3 & -15 \\ 2 & -17 & 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) NOT POSSIBLE

$$c) \quad -\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 & -7 \\ 2 & -6 & 11 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -2 & \frac{7}{2} \\ -1 & 3 & -\frac{11}{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 9 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{15}{2} & 7 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 3 & 2 & -\frac{27}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 2. (5 marks) Find  $AB$  and  $BA$  if possible.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 4 & -6 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 4 & -6 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (-3)(-2) + (2)(4) + (0)(5) & (-3)(0) + (2)(-6) + (0)(1) \\ (1)(-2) + (-4)(4) + (5)(5) & (1)(0) + (-4)(-6) + (5)(1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 14 & -12 \\ 7 & 29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 4 & -6 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (-2)(-3) + (0)(1) & (-2)(2) + (0)(-4) & (-2)(0) + (0)(5) \\ (4)(-3) + (-6)(1) & (4)(2) + (-6)(-4) & (4)(0) + (-6)(5) \\ (5)(-3) + (1)(1) & (5)(2) + (1)(-4) & (5)(0) + (1)(5) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 & 0 \\ -18 & 32 & -30 \\ -14 & 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$