

NAME: SOLUTIONS

QUIZ 2

Applied Mathematics for Electronics Engineering (201-943-DW)

Dawson College, Sept. 9th 2011

Instructor: E. Richer

Question 1. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following.

$$(a) 16^{-\frac{3}{2}} = (16^{\frac{1}{2}})^{-3} = (\sqrt{16})^{-3} = \frac{1}{4^3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{64}}$$

$$(b) -16^{-\frac{3}{2}} = -\frac{1}{16^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{64}}$$

$$(c) -16^{\frac{3}{2}} = -16^{3/2} = -((16)^{\frac{1}{2}})^3 = -(4)^3 = \boxed{-64}$$

$$(d) 16^{\frac{3}{2}} = \boxed{64}$$

Question 2. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following.

$$(a) 64^{\frac{2}{3}} = (64^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 = (\sqrt[3]{64})^2 = 4^2 = \boxed{16}$$

$$(b) (-64)^{\frac{2}{3}} = ((-64)^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 = (\sqrt[3]{-64})^2 = (-4)^2 = \boxed{16}$$

$$(c) -64^{-\frac{2}{3}} = -\frac{1}{64^{\frac{2}{3}}} = -\frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{64})^2} = -\frac{1}{4^2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{16}}$$

$$(d) (-64)^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{(-64)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{-64})^2} = \frac{1}{(-4)^2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$$

Question 3. (2 marks each)

Simplify the given expressions. Express results with positive exponents only.

$$(a) \frac{(3\sqrt{t})^{-1}}{3t^{-\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{t^{\frac{1}{2}}}{3(3\sqrt{t})} = \frac{t^{\frac{1}{2}}}{9t^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$(b) \left(\frac{1}{x^{-\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{-1} = \frac{1^{-1}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}}$$

$$(c) 3a^{-\frac{2}{3}}(-3a)^{\frac{5}{9}} = \frac{3(-3a)^{\frac{5}{9}}}{a^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{3(-3)^{\frac{5}{9}}a^{\frac{5}{9}}}{a^{\frac{6}{9}}} = \frac{(-1)^{\frac{5}{9}}3 \cdot 3^{\frac{5}{9}}}{a^{\frac{1}{9}}} = \boxed{-\frac{3^{14/9}}{a^{1/9}}}$$

$$(d) \frac{(-5b)^{-2}}{5^{-3}b^2} = \frac{5^3}{(-5b)^2 b^2} = \frac{5^3}{(-5)^2 b^2 b^2} = \boxed{\frac{5}{b^4}}$$

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Question 1. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following.

$$(a) 25^{\frac{3}{2}} = (25^{\frac{1}{2}})^3 = 5^3 = \boxed{125}$$

$$(b) -25^{\frac{3}{2}} = \boxed{-125}$$

$$(c) -25^{-\frac{3}{2}} = -\frac{1}{25^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{125}}$$

$$(d) 25^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{25^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{125}}$$

Question 2. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following.

$$(a) (-27)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left((-27)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2 = \left(\sqrt[3]{-27} \right)^2 = (-3)^2 = \boxed{9}$$

$$(b) 27^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(27^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^2 = 3^2 = \boxed{9}$$

$$(c) -27^{-\frac{2}{3}} = -\frac{1}{27^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$(d) (-27)^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{(-27)^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$$

Question 3. (2 marks each)

Simplify the given expressions. Express results with positive exponents only.

(a) $\frac{(3\sqrt{t})^{-1}}{3t^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$

(b) $\left(\frac{1}{x^{-3}}\right)^{-1}$

(c) $3a^{-\frac{2}{3}}(-3a)^{\frac{5}{9}}$

(d) $\frac{(-5b)^{-2}}{5^{-3}b^2}$

See version ①