

Last Name: SOLUTIOnS.

First Name: _____

Student ID: _____

Quiz 5 (B)

Question 1. (10 marks) Let $f(x) = f(x) = 2x^2 + 1$ (a) Find the derivative of f .

(b) Find the point on the graph where the tangent line to the curve is horizontal.

(c) Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve at $x = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \quad f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{[2(x+h)^2 + 1] - [2x^2 + 1]}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) + x - 2x^2 - x}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 - 2x^2}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \cancel{x} \frac{(4x + 2h)}{\cancel{h}} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (4x + 2h) = 4x + 2(0) = 4x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad f'(x) = 4x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0 \\
 \therefore f(0) = 2(0)^2 + 1 = 1 \quad \therefore (0, 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad f'(1) &= 4(1) = 4 = m \\
 f(1) &= 2(1)^2 + 1 = 3 = y
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore y &= mx + b \\
 3 &= 4(1) + b \\
 -1 &= b
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore y = 4x + 1$$