Name: Student ID:

Test 2

This test is graded out of 45 marks. No books, notes, graphing calculators or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (5 marks) Evaluate the definite integral

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{12}}^{\frac{\pi}{8}} \sin^2(2x) \cos^2(2x) \, dx.$$

Question 2. (5 marks) Evaluate the indefinite integral:

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(9-4x^2)^{3/2}} \, dx$$

Question 3. (5 marks) Evaluate the indefinite integral:

$$\int \frac{x^2 - x + 6}{x^3 + 3x} \, dx$$

Question 4. (5 marks) Evaluate the improper integral or show it diverges:

$$\int_{5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(x-1)\sqrt{x^2 - 2x - 3}} \, dx$$

Question 5. (5 marks) Evaluate the improper integral or show it diverges:

$$\int_0^1 \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \, dx$$

Question 6. (5 marks) Sketch and find the area of the region(s) bounded by the graphs of y = x and $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ between $x = \frac{1}{2}$ and x = 2.

Question 7. (5 marks) Set up the integral to find the volume of the solid obtained from the region bounded by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x+4}+1$, y = 1 and y = x+3 rotated about the line y = 3.

Question 8. (5 marks) Set up the integral to find the volume of the solid obtained from the region bounded by the graphs of $x = -y^2 + 2y$, x = y rotated about the line x = -1.

Question 9. (5 marks) Find the length of the curve.

$$y = \ln(\cos x)$$
 $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$

Bonus Question. (3 marks) If f(x) is a quartic function such that f(0) = 4, f''(0) = 18 and

$$\int \frac{f(x)}{x^2(x-1)^2(x^2+1)} \, dx$$

is a rational function, find the value of $f^{(4)}(x)$.