FINAL EXAMINATION - FALL 2011

Department of Mathematics, Dawson College 2:00 - 5:00pm, Dec. 21st 2011 201-943-DW: Applied Mathematics for Electronics Engineering Examiner: Emilie Richer

Name: _____

Student ID: _____

Instructions:

- Print your name and student ID number in the space provided above.
- All questions are to be answered directly on the examination paper in the space provided. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.
- No books, notes, graphing calculators, programmable calculators or electronic devices are permitted.
- SHOW ALL YOUR WORK. Show all your work clearly and justify all your answers.
- Verify that your final examination copy has a total of 17 pages including this cover page.

Question	# Marks	
1	6	
2	4	
3	4	
4	5	
5	3	
6	4	
7	5	
8	5	
9	5	
10	4	
11	6	
12	30	
13	5	
14	6	
15	4	
16	4	
Total	100	

Question 1. (6 marks)

Simplify the given expressions. Express the results with positive exponents only. $(a_3 - 2) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 2^{-2}$

a.
$$\left(\frac{2^3 a^{-2} b^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{-2} a^4 b^{-\frac{5}{2}}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

b.
$$\frac{(3t)^{-1}}{3t^{-1}}$$

c.
$$\frac{(nRT^{-2})^{32}}{R^{-2}T^{32}}$$

Question 2. (4 marks)

Solve the given equation. Check that your answer(s) are in fact solutions of the equation.

 $\log x + \log(11 + 6x) = 1$

Question 3. (4 marks)

Solve the given quadratic equation in **two different ways**.

 $y = 18x^2 - 21x - 4$

Question 4. (5 marks)

- Consider the equation $y = \log_2(x+1)$.
- a. Give the exponential form of the equation.
- b. Graph the function $y = f(x) = \log_2(x+1)$
- c. Give the domain and range of the function $f(x) = \log_2(x+1)$

Question 5. (3 marks) If $f(x) = 2\log_b x$ and f(8) = 3 find f(4).

Question 6. (4 marks)

The current *i* (in A) in a certain electric circuit is given by $i = 16(1 - e^{-125t})$ where *t* is the time (in s).

- a. Isolate the variable *t* in the above equation.
- b. what is the current in the circuit after 1 millisecond?
- c. When will the current in the circuit be 15.999A?

Question 7. (5 marks)

Solve the following system of equations. x + 3y + z = 4 2x - 6y - 3z = 104x - 9y + 3z = 4

Question 8. (5 marks)

Find the four solutions of the given equation that lie in the range $0^{\circ} \le \theta < 360^{\circ}$.

 $3\tan^2 x - 1 = 0$

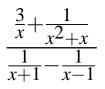
Question 9. (5 marks)

Solve the given equation. Express your solutions in radian measurement in the range $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$.

 $\csc\theta = 2.2$

Question 10. (4 marks)

Perform the indicated operation and simplify your answer.



Question 11. (6 marks)

Perform the indicated operations and simplify your answer.

$$\left(\frac{4x^2-9}{x^3-2x^2}\right) \div \left(\frac{2x^2+9x+9}{x^3+x^2-6x}\right)$$

Question 12. (3 marks each = 30 marks)

True of False. Indicate whether the given statements are true or false. In order to get full marks you much **justify each of your answers**.

a. The domain of $f(x) = 2^x$ is $(-\infty, \infty)$. True or False?

b. $64^{-\frac{1}{3}} = -4$. True or False?

c. The polar form of the complex number -1 - j is $(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{45^{\circ}})$. True or False?

d. $\frac{\ln x}{\ln y} = \ln x - \ln y$. True or False?

e. $\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$. True or False?

f. Long division of $2x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 4$ by x - 3 yields a remainder of 25. True or False?

g. The vertex of the parabola given by the equation $y = x^2 - 7x + 1$ is $(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{-45}{4})$

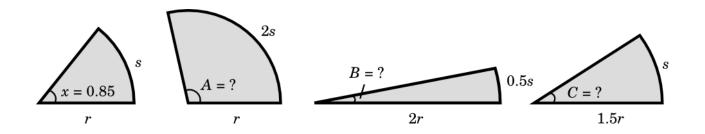
h. $j + j^2 + j^3 + j^4 + j^5 \dots j^{62} + j^{63} = -1$. True or False?

i. $\frac{1+j}{2-j} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}j$. True or False?

j. The domain of $y = \sqrt{1-x}$ is $(-\infty, 1)$. True or False?

Question 13. (5 marks)

Given the angle measurement x = 0.85 radians, find the values of the angles *A*, *B* and *C* in the following diagrams. Justify your answers. (Note that each diagram represents a circle sector)



Question 14. (6 marks)

The equation $x^3 + 8 = 0$ has one real solution and two complex solutions.

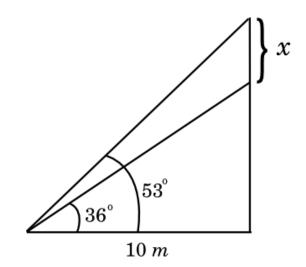
a. Convert -8 to its polar and exponential complex forms.

b. Find the three cube roots of -8 (the three solutions of the equation $x^3 + 8 = 0$) by using three exponential forms of -8. (Express your answers in rectangular form).

c. Find the three solutions of the equation by using both factoring and the quadratic formula.

Question 15. (4 marks)

Find the length x in the diagram below.



Question 16. (4 marks)

The sum of three electric currents that come together at a point in a circuit is zero. If the second current is twice the first and the third current is $9.2\mu A$ more than the first, what are the three currents? (Note: The sign of the current indicates the direction of flow)