

## Quiz 7

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

**Question 1.** §2.1 #18 (5 marks) Find all the values of  $\lambda$  for which  $\det(A) = 0$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda - 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 = \det(A)$$

$$0 = a_{31}C_{31} + a_{32}C_{32} + a_{33}C_{33}$$

$$0 = 0C_{31} + 0C_{32} + (\lambda - 5)(-1)^{3+3} \begin{vmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 4 \\ -1 & \lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$0 = (\lambda - 5) [(\lambda - 4)\lambda - (-1)(4)]$$

$$0 = (\lambda - 5) [\lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 4]$$

$$0 = (\lambda - 5)(\lambda - 2)(\lambda - 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} / & \backslash & \backslash \\ \lambda = 5 & \lambda = 2 & \lambda = 2 \end{array}$$

**Question 2.** §2.1 #23 (3 marks) Evaluate  $\det(A)$  by a cofactor expansion along a row or column of your choice.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & k & k^2 \\ 1 & k & k^2 \\ 1 & k & k^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = a_{11}C_{11} + a_{12}C_{12} + a_{13}C_{13}$$

$$= 1(-1)^{1+1} \begin{vmatrix} k & k^2 \\ k & k^2 \end{vmatrix} + k(-1)^{1+2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & k^2 \\ 1 & k^2 \end{vmatrix} + k^2(-1)^{1+3} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & k \\ 1 & k \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 1(1)[k(k^2) - k^2(k)] - k[(1)(k^2) - 1(k^2)] + k^2[1(k) - k(1)]$$

$$= 1[0] - k[0] + k^2[0]$$

$$= 0$$

**Question 3.** §2.1 #32 (2 marks) Evaluate the determinant of the given matrix by inspection.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 40 & 10 & -1 & 0 \\ 100 & 200 & -23 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = A$$

$$\det(A) = (-3)(2)(-1)(3) = 18$$