

Test 3

This test is graded out of 42 marks. No books, notes, graphing calculators or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. Given $\vec{u} = (-1, \lambda, -3)$, $A(1, 0, 1)$, $B(0, 1, 2)$ and $C(3, -2, 1)$.

a. (2 marks) For which value(s) of λ , if any, \vec{u} is parallel to \vec{AB} .

b. (2 marks) For which value(s) of λ , if any, \vec{u} is orthogonal to \vec{AC} .

c. (2 marks) Compute $\text{proj}_{\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC}}(2, 3, -4)$.

d. (1 mark) Compute the area of the triangle defined by A , B , C .

e. (1 mark) Compute the volume of the parallelepiped defined by \vec{AC} , \vec{AB} and $\vec{v} = (1, 0, 0)$.

Question 2. (5 marks) Write the parametric equation of the line that passes through the point of intersection and orthogonal to both lines, where

$$\vec{x} = \begin{cases} x = t \\ y = -2 + 2t \\ z = 1 + t \end{cases} \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{x} = \begin{cases} x = 2 + s \\ y = 2 - s \\ z = 3 + 2s \end{cases} \quad s \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Question 3. (5 marks) Find the angle between $\vec{u} = (1, 2, 3)$ and $\vec{v} = (1, 0, 1)$.

Question 4. (5 marks) Give the equation of the plane that contains the point $(2, -6, 1)$ and the line $(x, y, z) = (2 + 5t, 2 + 2t, 1 + 2t), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$.

Question 5. (5 marks) Using projections find the distance between the given parallel planes.

$$2x - y - z = 5 \text{ and } -4x + 2y + 2z = 12$$

Question 6. (5 marks) Maximize $Z = 2x + y + 3z$ subject to the constraints

$$2x - y + z \leq 100$$

$$x + y + 2z \leq 70.$$

Question 7. (5 marks) Minimize $Z = x + y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + y \geq 2$$

$$3x + y \geq 4.$$

Question 8. If $\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ and $\vec{u} \cdot (\vec{v} \times \vec{w}) = 2$ then evaluate

a. (2 marks)

$$\vec{u} \cdot (\vec{v} \times \vec{v})$$

b. (2 marks)

$$(3\vec{v}) \cdot ((5\vec{u}) \times \vec{w})$$

Bonus Question. (3 marks)

Prove that the line segment joining the midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half as long.