

# SOLUTIONS

201-922-DW (Introduction to Statistical Methods)

## Quiz 1 - Probability Distributions

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October 19<sup>th</sup> 2016

Consider the random variable,  $x$ , described by the sum of the faces observed when 2 fair dice are rolled once.

a. Tabulate the probability distribution of  $X$

b. Find  $\mu$

THERE ARE 36 possible observations:  
(die 1, die 2) :

(1,1)	(2,1)	(3,1)	(4,1)	(5,1)	(6,1)
(1,2)	(2,2)	(3,2)	(4,2)	(5,2)	(6,2)
(1,3)	(2,3)	(3,3)	(4,3)	(5,3)	(6,3)
(1,4)	(2,4)	(3,4)	(4,4)	(5,4)	(6,4)
(1,5)	(2,5)	(3,5)	(4,5)	(5,5)	(6,5)
(1,6)	(2,6)	(3,6)	(4,6)	(5,6)	(6,6)

THERE ARE 11 possible values of  $x$

$X$	$P(X=x)$
2	$1/36$
3	$2/36$
4	$3/36$
5	$4/36$
6	$5/36$
7	$6/36$
8	$5/36$
9	$4/36$
10	$3/36$
11	$2/36$
12	$1/36$

b. we will compute  $x \cdot P(x)$   
for EACH value of  $X$

$x$	$x \cdot P(X=x)$
2	$2/36$
3	$6/36$
4	$12/36$
5	$20/36$
6	$30/36$
7	$42/36$
8	$40/36$
9	$36/36$
10	$30/36$
11	$22/36$
12	$12/36$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu &= \sum x P(x) \\ &= \left[ 2+6+12+20+30+42+40+36+30+22+12 \right] \\ &\quad \underline{\quad\quad\quad 36} \\ &= \frac{252}{36} \\ &= \boxed{7}\end{aligned}$$