

Test 1

This test is graded out of 38 marks. No books, notes, watches or cell phones are allowed. You are only permitted to use the Sharp EL-531XG or Sharp EL-531X calculator. Give the work in full; – unless otherwise stated, reduce each answer to its simplest, exact form; – and write and arrange your exercise in a legible and orderly manner. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. Given

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

where M is in row echelon form.

- (3 marks) Find the reduced row echelon form of M .
- (2 marks) Find 2 different row echelon form of M .
- (3 marks) Find the solution set of the system of linear equations whose augmented matrix is M by using back substitution.
- (2 marks) Find two particular solution of the system of linear equations whose augmented matrix is M .
- (2 marks) Find the solution set of the homogeneous system of linear equations whose coefficient matrix is M .
- (2 marks) Find a particular solution the homogeneous system of linear equations whose coefficient matrix is M when the solution of the first variable is equal to 1.

Question 2. Consider the matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 2 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Evaluate the following if possible, justify.

a. (2 marks) $\text{trace}(D)F^2$

b. (2 marks) $(F - AB)^T$

c. (2 marks) $\text{trace}(F)FB$

Question 3.(2 marks) Write the 3×2 matrix $B = [b_{ij}]$ whose entries satisfy

$$b_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } |i - j| \geq 1, \\ i + j & \text{if } |i - j| < 1. \end{cases}$$

Question 4. (3 marks) Show that every square matrix can be written as a sum of two invertible matrices. (*Hint: Write A as a sum of lower and upper triangular matrices.*)

Question 4. (3 marks) Solve for A , if possible. A is a $\mathcal{M}_{2 \times 2}$ diagonal matrix and satisfies $A^2 - 3A + 2I = 0$.

Question 5. Determine whether the following statements are true or false for any $n \times n$ matrices A and B . If the statement is false provide a counterexample. If the statement is true provide a proof of the statement.

a. (3 marks) If $A^3 = 0$ then $A^2 - A + I$ is invertible. (Hint: $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$.)

b. (3 marks) All elementary matrices are symmetric.

Question 6. (3 marks) Let A and B be $n \times n$ matrices.

Prove or disprove: If $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ and $B\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ have only the trivial solution then $(AB)\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ has only the trivial solution.

Question 7. Given the following system
$$\begin{cases} 2x & = a \\ 3x + 4y & = b \\ 5x + 7y + 11z & = c \end{cases}$$

- (5 marks) Find the inverse of the coefficient matrix.
- (2 marks) Express the inverse of the coefficient matrix as a product of elementary matrices, if possible. (*Only the final answer will be graded.*)
- (2 marks) For what value(s), if any, of a, b, c is the system consistent, justify.
- (2 marks) Solve the system using the inverse for the value(s), if any, found in part b.

Bonus Question. (3 marks) Prove or disprove: If A is elementary then A^2 is elementary.