

Quiz 2

This quiz is graded out of 11 marks. No books, watches, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. Given

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{matrix} -3R_3 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1 \\ -2R_3 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2 \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{matrix} -2R_2 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1 \end{matrix} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -3 & 0 & - \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_R$$

where M is in row echelon form.

- (3 marks) Find the reduced row echelon form of M .
- (1 mark) Find two different row echelon form of M .
- (3 marks) Find the solution set of the system of linear equations whose augmented matrix is M by using back substitution.
- (1 mark) Find two particular solution of the system of linear equations whose augmented matrix is M .
- (2 marks) Find the solution set of the homogeneous system of linear equations whose coefficient matrix is M .
- (1 marks) Find a particular solution the homogeneous system of linear equations whose coefficient matrix is M when the solution of the first variable is equal to 1.

b) M and R

c) Let $x_2 = s, x_4 = t$ where $s, t \in \mathbb{R}$. Substitute in system

e) $[M|0] \sim \dots \sim \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 & x_6 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & -3 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Let $x_2 = s, x_4 = t, x_6 = r$ where $s, t, r \in \mathbb{R}$. Substitute in system

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2s - 3t - 2r = 0 \\ x_3 + t = 0 \\ x_5 + r = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 2r + 3t - 2s \\ x_3 = -t \\ x_5 = -r \end{cases}$$

$\therefore (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6) = (2r + 3t - 2s, s, -t, t, -r, r)$
where $s, r, t \in \mathbb{R}$.

$1 = x_1$

$1 = 2r + 3t - 2s$

let $r = \frac{1}{2}, t = s = 0$ then

$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6) = (1, 0, 0, 0, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$

- ① $x_1 + 2s + 2x_3 - t + 3x_5 =$
- ② $x_3 + t + 2x_5 =$
- ③ $x_5 = 1$

substitute ③ into ②
 $x_3 + t + 2(1) = 2$
 $x_3 = -t$

substitute ③, ④ into ①
 $x_1 + 2s + 2(-t) - t + 3(1) = 1$
 $x_1 = -2 + 3t - 2s$

$\therefore (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$
 $= (-2 + 3t - 2s, s, -t, t, 1)$
 $s, t \in \mathbb{R}$

d) $s = t = 0: (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$
 $= (-2, 0, 0, 0, 1)$

$s = 1, t = 0:$

$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$
 $= (-4, 1, 0, 0, 1)$