Books, watches, notes or cell phones are not allowed. The only calculators allowed are the Sharp EL-531**. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work

Question 1.1 (5 marks) Consider the following Gauss-Jordan reduction:

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{A} \sim \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{E_{1}A} \sim \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{R_{1} \leftarrow R_{2}} \sim \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{E_{2}E_{1}A} \sim \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{E_{3}E_{2}E_{1}A} \sim \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{E_{4}E_{3}E_{2}E_{1}A} = I$$

Find E_1, E_2, E_3, E_4 and express A as a product of elementary matrices.

$$E_{\lambda}: I_{1} \sim R_{1} \hookrightarrow R_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \tilde{E}_{2}$$

$$E_1: I_1 \sim 2R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & O & O \\ 2 & 1 & O \\ O & O & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E_3$$

A is invertible since its RREF is I

Question 2. (5 marks) Find the inverse of A, if possible.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \mid I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim -2R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim -R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim -2R_2 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -40 & 16 & 9 \\ 13 & -5 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim -2R_2 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -40 & 16 & 9 \\ 13 & -5 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim -2R_2 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -40 & 16 & 9 \\ 13 & -5 & -3 \\ 5 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(E_{4}E_{3}E_{2}E_{1}\right)^{-1} = \left(A^{-1}\right)^{-1} \\
& A = E_{1}^{-1}E_{3}^{-1}E_{3}^{-1}E_{4}^{-1} \\
& E_{1}^{-1} : I_{3} \sim 4R_{3} + R_{1} \Rightarrow R_{1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E_{1}^{-1} \\
& E_{2}^{-1} : I_{3} \sim R_{1} \Leftrightarrow R_{2} E_{2} \\
& E_{3}^{-1} : I_{3} \sim -2R_{1} + R_{2} \Rightarrow R_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E_{3}^{-1} \\
& E_{4}^{-1} : I_{3} \sim 5R_{2} \Rightarrow R_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E_{4}^{-1} \\
& E_{4}^{-1} : I_{3} \sim 5R_{2} \Rightarrow R_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = E_{4}^{-1}
\end{aligned}$$

O. A is invertible since its

RREF is I. and A-1 = [-40 16 9]

[13 -5 -3]

[5 -2 -1]