

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_

## Test 3

This test is graded out of 100 marks. No books, notes, no graphing calculator or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work.

**Question 1.** (10 marks) Integrate the following indefinite integral:

$$\int \frac{x^2 - 2}{x^3 + x} dt$$

**Question 2.** (15 marks) Integrate the following indefinite integral:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-9}}{x} dx$$

**Question 3.** (15 marks) Use the Trapezoidal Rule and Simpson's Rule to approximate the value of the following definite integral for  $n = 4$ . Round your answer to six decimal places and compare the results to the exact value of the definite integral.

$$\int_0^2 x\sqrt{x^2+2} dx$$

**Question 4.** (15 marks) Evaluate the following limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left[ \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - x \right) \right]^x$$

**Question 5.** (15 marks) Evaluate the following improper integral if it converges.

$$\int_1^4 \frac{2}{(x-3)^{10/3}} dx$$

**Question 6.** (15 marks) Determine the convergence or divergence of the sequence with the following  $n^{\text{th}}$  term. If the sequence converges, find its limit.

$$a_n = \frac{n! e^{-n/3}}{(n-1)!}$$

**Question 7.** (15 marks) Find the sum of the infinite series.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{6}{5^{n+1}} - \frac{2}{8^{n-1}} \right]$$