

Test 1

No books or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark, the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (2 marks) Write the percent 0.11% into a fraction and into a decimal.

$$0.11\% = \frac{0.11}{100} = \frac{11}{10000} = 0.0011$$

Question 2. (1 mark) Bring the fraction $\frac{2.25}{5.5}$ to higher terms to eliminate the decimals. Write your final answer in lowest terms.

$$\frac{2.25}{5.5} = \frac{(2.25)(4)}{(5.5)(4)} = \frac{9}{22}$$

Question 3. (1 mark) 85% of what number is 4828?

$$0.85x = 4828 \Rightarrow x = 5680, \text{ THE NUMBER IS } 5680$$

Question 4. (3 marks) Simplify the following:

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \left[\frac{3(2-5) + 2(3^3)}{5(6-3)} \right] + 4^2 &= 3 \left[\frac{3(-3) + 2(27)}{5(3)} \right] + 16 \\ &= 3 \left[\frac{-9 + 54}{15} \right] + 16 = 3 \left(\frac{45}{15} \right) + 16 = 3(3) + 16 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

Question 5. (3 marks) Simplify the following:

$$\begin{aligned} &(2x-3)(x+2) - 3(1-x)(x+5) \\ &= (2x^2 + 4x - 3x - 6) - 3(x + 5 - x^2 - 5x) \\ &= (2x^2 + x - 6) - 3(-x^2 - 4x + 5) \\ &= 2x^2 + x - 6 + 3x^2 + 12x - 15 \\ &= 5x^2 + 13x - 21 \end{aligned}$$

Question 6. (2 marks) Expand the following:

$$\begin{aligned}(x-y)(y^2-2y+3x^2-1) &= x(y^2-2y+3x^2-1) - y(y^2-2y+3x^2-1) \\ &= xy^2 - 2xy + 3x^3 - x - y^3 + 2y^2 - 3x^2y + y \\ &= 3x^3 - 3x^2y - x - 2xy + xy^2 - y^3 + 2y^2 + y\end{aligned}$$

Question 7. (3 marks) Simplify the following:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{(x^{-2}y)^2y^{-2}}{(x^3y^{-2})^2} &= \frac{x^{-4}y^2y^{-2}}{x^6y^{-4}} = \frac{x^{-4}y^0}{x^6y^{-4}} = \frac{y^4}{x^6x^4} \\ &= \frac{y^4}{x^{10}}\end{aligned}$$

Question 8. (2 mark) Evaluate the following to two decimal places:

$$\begin{aligned}\ln\left(\frac{3}{e^7}\right) &= \ln 3 - \ln e^7 = \ln 3 - 7 \ln e \\ &= \ln 3 - 7 = -5.90\end{aligned}$$

Question 9. (1 mark) Rewrite the exponential $2^{-3} = \frac{1}{8}$ as a logarithm.

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{8} = -3$$

Question 10. (1 mark) Rewrite the logarithm $\ln e = 1$ as an exponential.

$$e^1 = e$$

Question 11. (1 mark each)

Evaluate the following to two decimal places:

1. $27^{\frac{4}{9}} = 4.33$

2. $\sqrt{26} = 5.10$

3. $\frac{1-5^{-1}}{5} = 0.16$

4. $\sqrt[3]{18} = 2.62$

Question 12. (2 marks)Let $i = 0.035$, $n = 2$. Evaluate S to two decimal places:

$$S = \left[\frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} \right] = \left[\frac{(1+0.035)^2 - 1}{0.035} \right]$$

$$= \frac{0.071225}{0.035} = 2.04$$

Question 13. (2 marks)Solve for r in the following equation:

$$S = P(1+rt)$$

$$\frac{S}{P} = 1+rt \Rightarrow \frac{S}{P} - 1 = rt \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{S}{Pt} - \frac{1}{t} = r}$$

Question 14. (3 marks)Solve for x :

$$1+3(x-2)+(6x-2)-(2x-1)=2(2x-2)$$

$$1+3x-6+6x-2-2x+1=4x-4$$

$$7x-6=4x-4$$

$$3x=2$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

Question 15. (3 marks)

Solve for x:

$$\frac{1}{4}(5x-1) - \frac{4}{3}(4x-2) = 12 - \frac{3}{7}x \quad \text{LCD} = 84$$

$$21 \cdot \frac{1}{4}(5x-1) - \frac{28}{3} \cdot 4(4x-2) = 84(12) - \frac{3}{7}x \cdot 84$$

$$21(5x-1) - 112(4x-2) = 1008 - 36x$$

$$105x - 21 - 448x + 224 = 1008 - 36x$$

$$-343x + 203 = 1008 - 36x$$

$$-307x = 805 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{805}{307}$$

Question 16. (2 marks)Solve for x in the proportion $2 : x = 17 : 12$

$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{17}{12} \Rightarrow 2(12) = 17x \Rightarrow \frac{24}{17} = x$$

Question 17. (2 marks)Change the ratio $70 : 42 : 56$ to lowest terms.

$$70 : 42 : 56 = (70 \div 14) : (42 \div 14) : (56 \div 14) = 5 : 3 : 4$$

Question 18. (4 marks) Toni's Pizza Shack takes an order for 30 Pizza's. The order is made up of cheese and pepperoni pizzas and requires 5 times more cheese pizzas than pepperoni. How many of each type of pizza are in the order.

LET x BE THE NUMBER OF PEPPERONI PIZZAS
 THEN $5x = \#$ OF CHEESE PIZZAS

$$\therefore x + 5x = 30$$

$$6x = 30$$

$$x = 5$$

\(\therefore\) THE ORDER HAD 5 PEPPERONI AND

$$5(5) = 25 \text{ CHEESE PIZZAS}$$

Question 19. (4 marks) If a business has a net income of \$253000 and is split between three investors in the ratio $\frac{1}{6} : \frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{4}$. How much would each investor get?

$$\frac{1}{6} : \frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{4} = 12\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) : 12\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) : 12\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 2 : 6 : 3$$

$$\# \text{ OF PARTS} = 2 + 6 + 3 = 11 \quad \text{EACH PART} = \frac{253000}{11} = 23000$$

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ INVESTOR GETS } (23000)(2) = \$46000$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ INVESTOR GETS } (23000)(6) = \$138000$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ INVESTOR GETS } (23000)(3) = \$69000$$

Question 20. (4 marks) On a trip a motorist purchased gasoline as follows: 43 litres at 91.9 cents per litre; 77 litres at 89.5 cents per litre; 62 litres at 95 cents per litre; and 31 litres at 81.2 cents per litre. What is the average cost per litre?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TOTAL COST} &= (43)(91.9) + (77)(89.5) + (62)(95) + (31)(81.2) \\ &= 19250.4 \text{¢} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{TOTAL \# LITRES} = 43 + 77 + 62 + 31 = 213$$

$$\text{AVERAGE COST PER LITRE} = \frac{19250.4}{213} = 90.4 \text{¢ PER LITRE}$$

Question 21. (4 marks) A local jeweler is selling off some of his gold inventory. She sells $3\frac{1}{2}$ ounces at a price of \$1067.60 per ounce; $2\frac{1}{4}$ ounces at a price of \$947.60 per ounce; and $5\frac{3}{4}$ ounces at a price of \$886.75 per ounce. How much did she obtain from the sale of her inventory?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TOTAL} &= \left(3\frac{1}{2}\right)(1067.60) + \left(2\frac{1}{4}\right)(947.60) + \left(5\frac{3}{4}\right)(886.75) \\ &= \$10967.51 \end{aligned}$$