

## Quiz 1

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

**Question 1.** pg.653#42 (4 marks) Evaluate the following limit.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1-2x^2}{(4x+3)^2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1-2x^2}{16x^2+24x+9} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1-2x^2)\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{(16x^2+24x+9)\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2x^2}{x^2}}{\frac{16x^2}{x^2} + \frac{24x}{x^2} + \frac{9}{x^2}} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - 2}{16 + \frac{24}{x} + \frac{9}{x^2}} = \frac{0-2}{16+0+0} = \frac{-1}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Question 2.** pg.657#9 (6 marks) Calculate the slope of the tangent line of the function  $y = 2x^2 + 5x$  at the point  $(-2, -2)$ . Bonus. (1 mark) write the equation of the tangent line

Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x$

$$m_{\text{tan}} = f'(-2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x+h)^2 + 5(x+h) - [2x^2 + 5x]}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) + 5x + 5h - 2x^2 - 5x}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 + 5x + 5h - 2x^2 - 5x}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(4x + 2h + 5)}{h} = 4x + 5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -2 &= -3(-2) + b \\
 -8 &= b \\
 \therefore y &= -3x - 8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$m_{\text{tan}} = f'(-2) = 4(-2) + 5 = -3$$

Bonus:  $y = mx + b$   
 $y = -3x + b$