

Quiz 7

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (5 marks) If A, B are 3×3 matrices, $\det(2A) = -24$ and $\det(B) = 3$ then find

$$\det((3AB)^{-1}(AB)^t A^2 B^3).$$

(show every step)

notice:

$$\det(2A) = -24$$

$$2^3 \det A = -24$$

$$\det A = \frac{-24}{8} = -3$$

$$\det((3AB)^{-1} (AB)^t A^2 B^3)$$

$$= \det(3AB)^{-1} \det(AB)^t \det A^2 \det B^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{\det(3AB)} \det(AB) (\det A)^2 (\det B)^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^3 \det A \det B} \det A \det B (-3)^2 (3)^3$$

$$= \frac{3^5}{3^3}$$

$$= 3^2 = 9$$

Question 2. (3 marks) Show that if A, B are invertible matrices then AB is invertible.

$$\text{Since } A, B \text{ invertible} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \det A \neq 0 \\ \det B \neq 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\therefore \det(AB) = \det A \det B \neq 0$$

$\therefore AB$ is invertible

Question 3. (2 marks) If $\mathbf{u} = (2, 3, -2)$, $\mathbf{v} = (1, 0, -2)$ and $\mathbf{w} = (1, 1, 1)$ then compute

$$-3(\mathbf{u} - 2\mathbf{v}) + 4\mathbf{w} = -3\mathbf{u} + 6\mathbf{v} + 4\mathbf{w}$$

$$= -3(2, 3, -2) + 6(1, 0, -2) + 4(1, 1, 1)$$

$$= (4, -5, -2)$$