

Last Name: SOLUTIONS

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Quiz 2 (B)

Question 1. (10 marks) Evaluate the following definite integrals using Riemann Sums:

$$\int_3^4 (x^2 - x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{4-3}{n} = \frac{1}{n}, \quad x_i = a + i \Delta x = 3 + i \left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = 3 + \frac{i}{n}$$

$$f(x_i) = \left(3 + \frac{i}{n}\right)^2 - \left(3 + \frac{i}{n}\right) = 9 + \frac{6i}{n} + \frac{i^2}{n^2} - 3 - \frac{i}{n} = 6 + \frac{5i}{n} + \frac{i^2}{n^2}$$

$$f(x_i) \Delta x = \left(6 + \frac{5i}{n} + \frac{i^2}{n^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{6}{n} + \frac{5i}{n^2} + \frac{i^2}{n^3}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{6}{n} + \frac{5i}{n^2} + \frac{i^2}{n^3}\right) = \frac{6}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 1 + \frac{5}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n i + \frac{1}{n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n i^2$$

$$= \frac{6}{n} \cdot n + \frac{5}{n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\int_3^4 (x^2 - x) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[6 + \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{n+1}{n} + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{n+1}{n} \cdot \frac{2n+1}{n} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[6 + \frac{5}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 1 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \cdot \left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \right]$$

$$= 6 + \frac{5}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot (1+0) + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 1 \cdot (1+0) \cdot (2+0)$$

$$= 6 + \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{36}{6} + \frac{15}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{53}{6}$$