

## Quiz 2

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

**Question 1.** (1 mark each) Integrate the following indefinite integrals:

a.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{3/8}} dx = \int x^{-3/8} dx = \frac{x^{5/8}}{5/8} + C = \frac{8x^{5/8}}{5} + C$$

b.

$$\int \csc x dx = -\ln |\csc x + \cot x| + C$$

c.

$$\int \tan x dx = -\ln |\cos x| + C$$

d.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2+6} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2+(\sqrt{6})^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \arctan \frac{x}{\sqrt{6}} + C$$

e.

$$\int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

f.

$$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$$

**Question 2.** (4 marks) §4.7 #30 Find a function  $f$  such that  $f'(x) = x^3$  and the line  $x + y = 0$  is tangent to the graph of  $f$ .

At what  $x$  value does  $f(x)$  have a slope of  $\oplus 1$ .  $y = -x$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 &= x^3 \\ \sqrt[3]{-1} &= x \\ -1 &= x \end{aligned}$$

at  $x = -1$ , so  $y = -(-1) = 1$   $\therefore f(-1) = 1$

$$f(x) = \int f'(x) dx = \int x^3 dx = \frac{x^4}{4} + C$$

$$f(-1) = 1$$

$$\frac{(-1)^4}{4} + C = 1$$

$$C = 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$C = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$$