

Quiz 4

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Question 1. (3 marks) §5.4 #9 Find the derivative of the function.

$$y = \int_3^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{\cos t}{t} dt = f(g(x)) \quad \text{where } f(x) = \int_3^x \frac{\cos t}{t} dt \quad \text{and}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

So $y' = f'(g(x))g'(x)$

$$= \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{2x}$$

$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x}{x}$ by 2nd FTC

$g'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

Question 2. (2 marks) §5.4 #18 Find the average value of the function on the given interval.

$$g(x) = \cos x \quad [0, \pi/2]$$

$$\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b g(x) dx = \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{2} - 0} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\sin x \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi}$$

Question 3. (2 marks) §5.5 #47 Evaluate the definite integral.

$$\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \frac{x^2 \sin x}{1+x^6} dx = 0$$

since $\frac{x^2 \sin x}{1+x^6}$ is an odd function. Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2 \sin x}{1+x^6}$

$$f(-x) = \frac{(-x)^2 \sin(-x)}{1+(-x)^6} = \frac{x^2(-\sin x)}{1+x^6} = -\frac{x^2 \sin x}{1+x^6} = -f(x).$$

Question 4. (3 marks) §5.5 #61 If f is continuous and $\int_0^4 f(x) dx = 10$, find $\int_0^2 f(2x) dx$

$$= \int_0^4 f(u) \frac{du}{2}$$

$$u = 2x$$

$$du = 2 dx$$

$$\frac{du}{2} = dx$$

$$u(0) = 2(0) = 0$$

$$u(2) = 2(2) = 4$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 f(u) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 = 5.$$