

## Quiz: Tautologies, Contradictions and Contingent Statements

No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remain marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

**Question 1.** (6 marks) WITHOUT USING A TRUTH TABLE: Show that the following statement is *not a tautology*

$$(\neg A \vee B) \rightarrow \neg(A \wedge B)$$

Lets find a valuation that makes the statement false.

If  $(\neg A \vee B)$  is true and  $\neg(A \wedge B)$  is false then the statement is false. For  $\neg(A \wedge B)$  to be false  $A \wedge B$  need to be true, so  $A$  and  $B$  need to be true. It follows that if  $A$  and  $B$  are true  $(\neg A \vee B)$  is true since  $\neg T \vee T = F \vee T = T$

**Question 2.** (3 marks) WITHOUT USING A TRUTH TABLE: Show that the following statement is not a contradiction.

$$(\neg A \wedge B) \rightarrow \neg(A \vee B)$$

Lets find a valuation that makes the statement true.

If  $(\neg A \wedge B)$  is false then the statement is true. For it be false one of the conjuncts need to be false so let  $B$  be false so if  $B$  is false then we have a valuation that makes the statement true.