## Quiz 2

This quiz is graded out of 10 marks. No books, calculators, notes or cell phones are allowed. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work. If you need more space for your answer use the back of the page.

Unflequently Question 1. (1 mark each) Differentiate the following functions:

a. 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^{2/5}} dx = \int x^{-\frac{3}{5}} dx = \frac{x^{\frac{3}{5}}}{\frac{3}{5}} + C = \frac{5}{3} x^{\frac{3}{5}} + C$$

b.

c.

$$\int \cot x \, dx = \ln|\sin x| + C$$

d.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-5}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \text{ arcsec } \left(\frac{X}{\sqrt{6}}\right) + C$$

e.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi - x^2}} dx = avcsin\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{n}}\right) + C$$

f.

$$\int \sin x \, dx = -\cos x + C$$

Question 2. (4 marks) §4.7 #30 Find a function f such that  $f'(x) = x^3$  and the line x + y = 0 is tangent to the graph of f.

$$f(x) = \int f'(x) dx = \int x^3 dx = \frac{x^4}{4} + C$$

The slope of the tangent is -1. f(x) has a tangent of slope -1 when -1=f'(x)  $-1=x^{3}$  -1=x

The tangent at x=-1 is -1+y=0 y=1

and intersects the function. Hence the mitial condition

$$\frac{3}{4} = C$$

$$c_0 + (x) = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$$