Books, watches, notes or cell phones are not allowed. The only calculators allowed are the Sharp EL-531\*\*. You must show all your work, the correct answer is worth 1 mark the remaining marks are given for the work

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Question 1. Given **a** is a unit vector, the angle between **a** and **b** is  $\frac{\pi}{6}$ , and  $||\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|| = 2$ .

a. (3 marks) Find the volume of the parallelepiped defined by  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}$  and  $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$ .

b. (3 marks) Find the surface area of the parallelepiped defined by  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}$  and  $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$ .

Surface Area = 2 parallelog run determined by 
$$\underline{\alpha}$$
 and  $\underline{b}$   
+ 2 rectangle determined by  $\underline{\alpha}$  and  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$   
+ 2 rectangle determined by  $\underline{\alpha}$  and  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$   
+ 2 rectangle determined by  $\underline{b}$  and  $\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$   
= 2 ||  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$ || + 2 ||  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$ || + 2 ||  $\underline{b}$ || /|  $\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$ ||  
||  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$ || = ||  $\underline{\alpha}$ || ||  $\underline{b}$ || sin  $\underline{T}_{6}$   
2 = 1 ||  $\underline{b}$ || = 2(2) + 2(1)(2) + 2(4)(2)  
= 24  
+ 2 rectangle determined by  $\underline{a}$  and  $\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$   
= 2 ||  $\underline{\alpha} \times \underline{b}$ || + 2 ||  $\underline{b}$ || /|  $\underline{a} \times \underline{b}$ ||  
= 2(2) + 2(1)(2) + 2(4)(2)  
= 24

Question 2. (3 marks) Simplify:  $(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) \times (\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}) = \mathcal{U} \times (\mathcal{U} - \mathcal{V}) + \mathcal{V} (\mathcal{U} - \mathcal{V})$ =  $\mathcal{U} \times \mathcal{U} - \mathcal{U} \times \mathcal{V} + \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{U} - \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{V}$ =  $\mathcal{Q} + \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{U} + \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{U} + \mathcal{Q}$ =  $\mathcal{Q} \times \mathcal{U} \times \mathcal{U} + \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{U} + \mathcal{Q}$ 

Bonus Question (3 marks) Find the volume of the parallelepiped defined  $\mathbf{a} = (1, 2, 3, 4)$ ,  $\mathbf{b} = (1, 0, 1, 0)$  and  $\mathbf{c} = (0, 1, 0, 1)$ .