Question 1. ${ }^{1}$ (5 marks) Solve for the matrix $X$ if $(D+X B)^{-1} X A=(E D)^{-1}$. Assume that all matrices are $n \times n$ and invertible as needed.

Question 2. (4 marks) Show that if $A$ is a square matrix such that $A^{k}=0$ for some positive integer k , then the matrix $I-A$ is invertible and $(I-A)^{-1}=I+A+A^{2}+\cdots+A^{k-1}$

Question 3.(3 marks) Determine whether the following statement is true or false. If the statement is false provide a counterexample. If the statement is true provide a proof of the statement.

The sum of two invertible matrices of the same size must be invertible.

[^0]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ based on a WeBWorK problem

